16'x16' Rectangle PVC Pavilion

This drawing is the property of Country Lane Woodworking, LLC, provided by Timber Tech Engineering, Inc. and reproduction, alteration or use of this drawing without the written consent of Country Lane Woodworking, LLC is prohibited. Drawings shall not be scaled to obtain dimensions. The contractors and builders involved on this project shall verify all dimensions and conditions before starting work and any discrepancy shall be reported to the engineer in writing before starting work.

Drawing Index

Page 1 - Elevations

Page 2 - Post Layout Plan

Page 3 - Roof Framing

Page 4 - Cross Section, Details

Page 5 - Details

Page 6 - Details

Page 7 - Details

Page 8 - Column Nail Schedule

GENERAL NOTES

All notes do not necessarily apply due to different requirements on each project. This plan is intended to reflect only the structural design of this building. The contractor shall review all applicable local, state, and federal building codes prior to the start of construction to ensure building conformance. Timber Tech Engineering, Inc. is not responsible for information pertaining to this project if not shown on drawings or listed below. Revisions to the plans shall be approved by engineer of record.

DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

1. Governing Code: Including, not limited to: IBC 2009

2 Dead Loads: A Roof 5 B. Floor n/a paf C. Other n/a 3. Live Loads: A. Roof (See also note #4) 30

B. Floor n/a paf C. Other n/a pef 4. Snow Loads: A. Ground Snow (Pa) 45

B. Flat Roof Snow (Pf) 38 C. Snow Exposure Factor (Ce) 1.0 1.0

D. Snow Load Importance Factor (I) E. Unbalanced Snow i. Windward Roof 0

ii. Leeward Roof 45 psf 5. Wind Load 140

A. Basic Wind Speed (V) B. Wind Load Importance Factor (I) C. Wind Exposure Category

D. Enclosure Category Open E. Components and Cladding: +72 psf/-94 psf

6. Earthquake Design Data:

(Analysis based on equivalent lateral force procedure)

A. Spectral Response Acceleration 0.22 at 1 sec. S

B. Spectral Response Acceleration at short 0.45 periods S

C. Seismic Use Group D. Occupancy Importance Factor, I 1.0

E. Site Class

F. Basic Structural System

Cantilevered Column: Timber Frame

G. Response Modification Factor (R) H. Deflection Amplification Factor (Cd) 1.5

mex. meximum

| ABBREVIATIONS: | |
|--|---|
| a at bm. beam conc. concrete cont. continuous dia. diameter exist. existing fir. floor ft. foot/feet ga. gauge hdw. hardware hdr. header jet. joist kie kips per square inch lbs. pounds | mil. millimeter min. milmam ris not to scale o/c on center por punds per cubic foot plywood per cupic pounds per square foot pounds per square inch req'd. regized stainless steel tit. thick track invested typ. typical with manufacturer |

1. General Requirements

- A. Structural wood members and connections shall be of sufficient size or capacity to carry all design loads without exceeding the allowable design values specified in 'The National Design specification for Wood Construction' (NDS), 2005 edition, and its "Supplement" by the American Forest and Paper Association (AF+PA).
- B. Wood members used for load supporting purposes shall have the grade mark of a lumber grading agency certified by the American Lumber Standards Committee.

2. Dimension Lumber

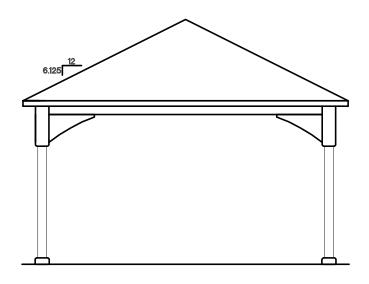
- A. All lumber species, graded visually or mechanically, shall comply with the NDS by AF+PA, and the "American Softwood Lumber Standard" (PS 20-94) by the U.S.
- B. The minimum grade and species for posts, beams, headers, and other primary structural members shall be Dense Select Structural Southern Pine, unless specified otherwise.
- C. Lumber used for secondary framing shall be #1 Southern Yellow Pine (SYP) or better. D. Post frame headers shall be two-span continuous beams with all multiple ply
- headers overlapping so that the butt joints for each ply do not occur at the same post.
- E. Mechanically laminated columns shall conform with ANSI/ASAE EP 559.
- 3. Pressure Preservative Treatment (PPT)
- A. Pressure treatment to be performed according to the American Wood Preservers' Association (AWPA) standards
- B. Pressure treated members shall have the inspection mark of an agency accredited by the American Lumber Standards Committee.
- C. Preservative: Ammonia Copper Quaternary ammonia (ACQ) or Copper Boron Azole (CBA)
- D. Minimum waterborne treatment retention shall be 0.4 pcf for members above ground, and 0.6 pcf for members in contact with earth.
- E. Treat indicated items and the following:
- 1. Wood members exposed to weather or insect infestation.
- 2. Wood members in direct contact with earth or concrete.
- 3. Wood members exposed to high moisture content (>19% for dimension lumber, >16% for glued laminated timber).
- 4. Wood members less than 12 inches above grade.
- F. Field treat newly exposed wood where cutting, drilling or notching pressure treated lumber.
- G. Metal connectors used in treated wood shall be hot-dip galvanized as per ASTM A153-01a.
- 4. Connections shall be designed and constructed according to the NDS by AF-I-PA and shall conform to the following:
 - A. The minimum connection shall be two 12 penny nails, or as detailed on the drawings.
- B. Other connections as per standard construction practice.

Polyvinyl Chloride Compound (PVC)

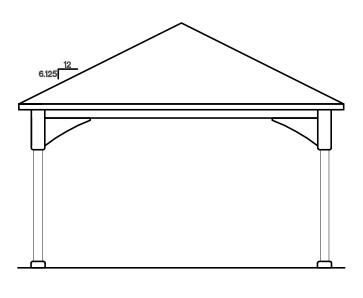
- General Requirements
 - PVC sleeve material used to wrap wood members to be supplied according to Certainteed corporation specifications or equivalent.
 - PVC sleeve material to be 0.160" thick for posts, and 0.105" thick for other structural members

| Design Reaction Chart | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Max. Moment in column | 2725 lb-ft. | |
| Max. uplift at column base | 1100 lb | |
| Max. downward force at column base | 2675 lb | |
| Max. shear at column base | 350 lb | |

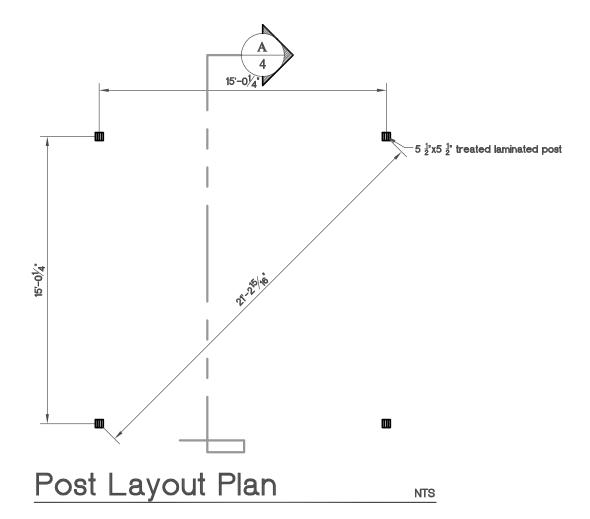
TTE DRAWING NUMBER: E270-10

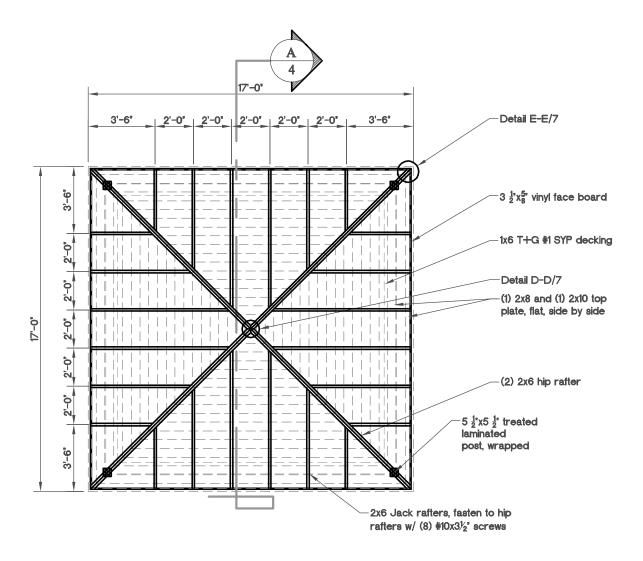


End Elevation

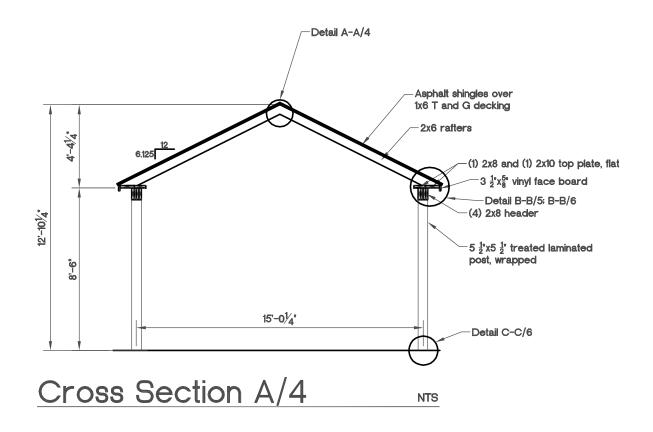


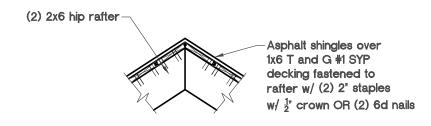
Side Elevation





Roof Framing Plan





View 1 Detail B-B/5



(2) 2x6 hip rafter

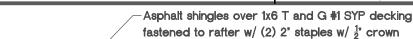
(2) Steel Angle 'A1'

 $7\frac{1}{8}$ " x_8^5 " vinyl trim

PAGE: 6 OF 8

PROJECT: STANDARD PLANS FOR 16'x16' RECTANGLE PVC PAVILION

This drawing is the property of Country Lane Woodworking, LLC, provided by Timber Tech Engineering, Inc. and reproduction, alteration or use of this drawing without the written consent of Country Lane Woodworking, LLC is prohibited. Drawings shall not be scaled to obtain dimensions. The contractors and builders involved on this project shall verify all dimensions and conditions before starting work and any discrepancy shall be reported to the engineer in writing before starting work.



OR (2) 6d nails

-(1) 2x8 and (1) 2x10 top plate, flat, fasten 2x8 to header w/ (3) $\frac{3}{8}$ " †x4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " lag screws, (2) close to rafter (1 each side of rafter), and (1) centered between rafters, fasten 2x10 to rafters w/ (2) #10x2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " screws, toed $\frac{1}{3}$ " x $\frac{1}{8}$ " vinyl trim

 $-3 \frac{1}{2}$ " x_{8}^{**} " vinyl face board fasten to top plate w/ 2 1/2" finish nail 8" o/c

—(4) 2x8 header, fasten ply 2 to ply 1 w/ (2) #10x2 ½ wood screws, 16" o/c. Fasten plies 3 and 4 individually to plies 1 and 2 w/ (2) #10x3 ½ wood screws, 16" o/c. Fasten 3 inner plies to post w/ (1) #10x3 ½ wood screws, toed, at top, each ply
5 ½ x5 ½ treated laminated post, wrapped

Detail B-B/6

NTS

Hip Rafter Connection

(1) 5/8"+ hole for ½"+x4" screw anchor

18" steel

33"
(7) ½"+ holes for (7)

#10x3 ½" wood screws

Base Angle Detail

NTS

5 ½ x5 ½ treated laminated post, wrapped

Steel base angle, see Base Angle Detail

Detail C-C/6

NTS

 $5\frac{1}{2}$ "x5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " treated laminated post, wrapped, w/ decorative base

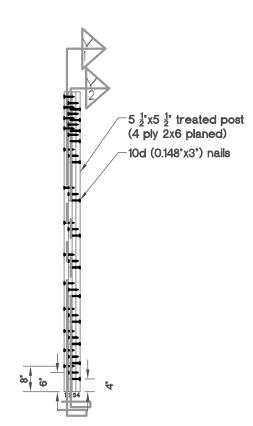
Steel base angle, see Base Angle Detail

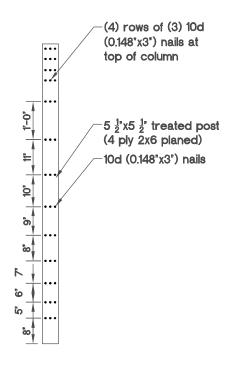
View 1 Detail C-C/6

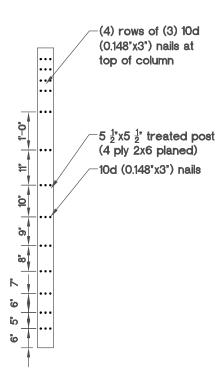
NTS

Detail E-E/7

Angle "A1"







Nail-Laminated Post Nailing Detail

NTS View 1 Nailing Detail for Ply 2 to Ply 3 View 2 Nailing Detail for Ply 1 to Ply 2 Nailing Detail for Ply 1 to Ply 2